

HIDA 58K2 HIDA 58K3

PRECISION ROTARY ENCODER

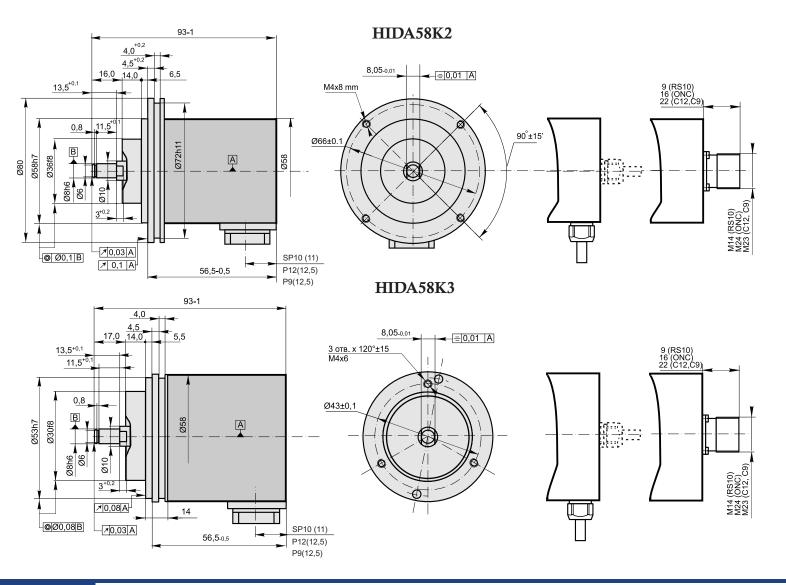


The precision rotary encoder **HIDA58K2**, **HIDA58K3**is used to establish an informational link between the key components of machines, comparators and NC or Digital Readout units. It gives the information about the value and direction of the motion of components. The encoder is used in automatic control, monitoring systems. The special precise gear with module m=0758, z=21, $\alpha=25\,^{\circ}$, which is in gearing with precise rack bar could be mounted on the shaft of encoder. It is recommended to do fixation of gear on the shaft by adhisive Loctite 420 or epoxy adhisive. The rack bar is mounted on the object surface, thus the measurement of linear displacement is available. Moreover the shaft of encoder could be connected with the shaft of object via compensative coupling, thus the information about rotary motion of object is available.

High rigidity to radial and axial load to the shaft of encoder

The encoder has three versions of output signals:

- sinusoidal signals, with amplitude approx. 11 μA_{pp} ;
- sinusoidal signals, with amplitude approx. 1 Vpp;
- square-wave signals TTL or HTL.



Mechanical data

• Line number on disc (Z): 100 250 500 600 800 1000 1024 1125 1250 1500 2000 2048 2500 3000 3600 4000

5000 9000 10800

• Pulse number per shaft revolution for Square-wave version:

 $Z \times k$, where k=1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10

Maximum shaft speed

10000 rpm

• Maximum shaft load:

- axial - radial (at shaft end) ≤40 N ≤60 N

• Accuracy (T₁-period of lines on disc)

 $\pm 0.1T_1$ arc. sec

• Starting torque at 20°C

• Moment of inertia of rotor

• Protection (IEC 529)

Maximum weight

• Operating temperature

• Storage temperature

Maximum humidity

(without condensation of moisture)

•Permissible vibration (55 to 2000 Hz)

•Permissible shock (11 ms)

98 %

Hesmar

< 0.2 Ncm

 $\leq 17 \text{ gcm}^2$

0.25 kg

-10...+70°C

-30...+80°C

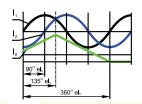
IP64

 $\leq 100 \text{ m/s}^2$

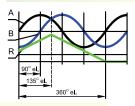
 $\leq 1000 \text{ m/s}^2$

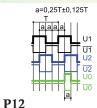
Electrical data

Version Sine 11 µApp Sine 1 Vpp □ TTL; □ HTL +5 V ±5% • Power supply (U_p) +5 V ±5% +5 V ±5%; +(10...30) V±5% · Maximum consumed current (without load) 80 mA 120 mA 120 mA Light source LED LED **LED** • Incremental signals Two sinusoidal I₁ and I₂. Square-wave U1, U2 and their Two sinusoidal A and B. Amplitude at 1 k Ω load: inverted U1, U2. Signal Amplitude at 120Ω load: $-I_1 = 7-16 \mu A$ -A = 0.6-1.2 Vlevels at 20 mA load current: $-I_2 = 7-16 \mu A$ -B = 0.6-1.2 V- low ("0" logic) $\leq 0.5 \text{ V}$ at $U_p = +5 \text{ V}$ - low ("0" logic) $\leq 1.5 \text{ V}$ at $U_p = 10 \text{ to } 30 \text{ V}$ - high ("1" logic) $\geq 2.4 \text{ V}$ at $U_p = +5 \text{ V}$ - high ("1" logic) \ge (U_P-2) V at U_P=10 to 30 V Reference signal One quasi-triangle I₀ peak One quasi-triangle R One square-wave U0 and its per revolution. Signal per revolution. Signal inverted U0 per revolution. Signal magnitude at 1 k Ω load: magnitude at 120Ω load: levels at 20 mA load current: $-I_0 = 2-8 \mu A$ -R = 0.2-0.8 V- low ("0" logic) $\leq 0.5~V$ at $U_{\mbox{\tiny P}}\!\!=\!\!+5~V$ (usable component) (usable component) - low ("0" logic) $\leq 1.5 \text{ V}$ at $U_p = 10 \text{ to } 30 \text{ V}$ - high ("1" logic) $\ge 2.4 \text{ V}$ at $U_p = +5 \text{ V}$ - high ("1" logic) \geq (U_p-2) V at U_p=10 to 30 V · Maximum operating frequency $(-3dB \text{ cutoff}) \ge 160 \text{ kHz}$ $(-3dB \text{ cutoff}) \ge 160 \text{ kHz}$ 160 kHz I, lags I, with clockwise B lags A with clockwise U2 lags U1 with clockwise Direction of signals rotation (viewed from rotation (viewed from rotation (viewed from shaft side) shaft side) shaft side) • Maximum rising/falling time $< 0.5 \mu s$ 25 m Maximum extension cable length 5 m 25 m



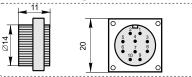
Note: If cable extension is used the power supply conductor section should be not smaller than 0.5 mm².





Accessories standard

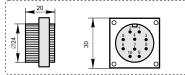
Round 10-pins connector



Accessoires on option

BP10

Round 10-pins connector



Output:

Round 12-pins connector (compatible with Heidenhain) for Sine 1 Vpp and Square-wave version





P9

Round 9-pins connector

(compatible with Heidenhain)

for Sine 11 μApp

Order form

HIDA 58K2/A58K3 – _____ – ___ / ____

Pulse number per revolution:

10800...

05L - 5VDC Line driver TTL **24H**-10...30VDC Line driver HTL **5AC**-5VDC,Analog current sine 11 μApp **5AV**-5VDC,Analog voltage sine 1Vpp Output of connector: **H4**- connector on housing axial

axial

H5- connector on housing radial

Type of connector:
BP10- round, 10 pins
SP10- round, 10 pins
P12- round, 12 pins
P9- round, 9 pins

www.hesmor.de